دروس اللغة العربية

Lessons of the Arabic Language

لِغَيْرِ النَّاطِقِينَ بِهَا

For Non-Native Speakers

الْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي

Book 2

الدكتور ف. عبد الرحيم

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Annotated Solutions

Lesson 3

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Note:
Translations of the Qur'anic ayahs given in this lesson are based on the literal translation of the Arabic words to help promote an understanding of the Holy Qur'an in its original language. For the mainstream translation of the ayahs, please consult the Qur'an translations offered by Saheeh International and/or others.

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(٣) اَلـدَّرْسُ الـثَّـالِثُ — The Third Lesson

تَمْيِيزٌ
Singular, Indef., Mansub

أَحْمَدُ : كَمْ طَالِبًا فِيْ فَصْلِكُمْ يَاعَلِيُّ؟
- Ahmad: How many students are in your class, O'Ali?

عَـلِيٌّ : فِي فَصْلِنَا أَرْبَعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً.
- Ali: In our class are fourteen students.

أَحْمَدُ : اَلطُّلَّابُ فِي فَصْلِنَا أَكْثَرُ. فِيهِ تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً. يَاعَلِيُّ، مَا اسْمُ الطَّالِبِ الْجَدِيدِ الَّذِىْ جَاءَ أَمْسِ ؟
- Ahmad: There are more students in our class. In it are nineteen students. What is the name of the student who came yesterday, O'Ali?

عَـلِيٌّ : اِسْمُهُ أُسَامَةُ.
- Ali: His name is Osama.

أَحْمَدُ : هُوَ طَوِيْلٌ جِدًّا. أَلَيْسَ كَذٰلِكَ؟
- Ahmad: He is very tall. Isn't that so. or Isn't it like that.

عَـلِيٌّ : بَلَى*. هُوَ طَوِيْلٌ جِدًّا وَلٰكِنَّ حَامِداً أَطْوَلُ مِنْهُ. إِنَّهُ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِنَا... وَمَنْ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِكُمْ؟
- Ali: Yes, indeed. He is very tall but Hamid is taller than him. Indeed he is the tallest student in our class. And who is the tallest student in your class?

أَحْمَدُ : أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِنَا إِبْرَاهِيْمُ.
- Ahmad: The tallest student in our class is Ibrahim.

عَـلِيٌّ : أَدَفْتَرُكَ هَذَا يَاأَحْمَدُ؟ إِنَّ خَطَّكَ جَمِيْلٌ جِدًّا. مَاشَاءَ اللّٰهُ!
- Ali: Is this notebook, O'Ahmad? Surely, your handwriting is very beautiful. Whatever Allah Wills!

أَحْمَدُ : شُكْراً يَاعَلِيُّ. خَطِّي جَمِيْلٌ، وَخَطُّكَ أَجْمَلُ.
- Ahmad: Thank you, O'Ali. My hand-writing is beautiful and your hand-writing is more beautiful.

عَـلِيٌّ : مَنْ هَذَا الْفَتَى الَّذِي مَعَكَ يَاأَحْمَدُ؟ كَأَنَّهُ أَخُوكَ.
- Ali: Who is this young man who is with you O'Ahmad. It looks as if he is your brother.

أَحْمَدُ : نَعَمْ، هُوَ أَخِي الشَّقِيْقُ.
- Ahmad: Yes, he is my full (real) brother.

عَـلِيٌّ : أَأَكْبَرُ مِنْكَ هُوَ أَمْ أَصْغَرُ؟
- Ali: Is he older than you or younger?

أَحْمَدُ : هُوَ أَصْغَرُ مِنِّي.
- Ahmad: He is younger than me or I (formal English).

لُزُومُ الْوِقَايَةِ
مِنْ + ن + ي

* Negation in the question but the answer is affirmative.

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عَـلِيٌّ : فِي أَيِّ مَهْجَعٍ أَنْتَ يَا أَخِي ؟

- Ali: In which hostel are you in, O'brother?

أَحْمَدُ : أَنَا فِي الْمَهْجَعِ الْخَامِسِ ، وَهُوَ بَعِيدٌ جِدًّا عَنِ الْجَامِعَةِ .

- Ahmad: I am in the Fifth hostel and it is very far from the university.

عَـلِيٌّ : أَنَا فِي الْمَهْجَعِ الثَّامِنِ وَهُوَ أَبْعَدُ مِنْ مَهْجَعِكُمْ .

- Ali: I am in the Eighth hostel and it is farther than your hostel.

أَحْمَدُ : أَيُّهُمَا أَحْسَنُ ؟

- Ahmad: Which of the two is better.

عَـلِيٌّ : اَلْمَهْجَعُ الْخَامِسُ أَحْسَنُ فَإِنَّ غُرَفَهُ أَوْسَعُ ، وَنَوَافِذَهُ أَكْبَرُ ، وَمَرَاحِيضَهُ أَنْظَفُ ، وَالسُّرُرَ الَّتِي فِيهِ أَجْمَلُ .

- Ali: The Fifth hostel is better because its rooms are more spacious and its windows are bigger and its toilets are cleaner and the beds which are in it are more beautiful.

Singulars: نَافِذَةٌ وَسِيعٌ سَرِيرٌ نَظِيفٌ مِرْحَاضٌ

تَمَـــــارِيْنُ Exercises

١ ـ أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئِلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ :

1- Answer the following questions:

(١) كَمْ طَالِبًا فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ؟

(٢) كَمْ طَالِبًا فِي فَصْلِ عَلِيٍّ؟

(٣) مَنْ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ؟

(٤) وَمَنْ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِ عَلِيٍّ؟

See next page

٢ ـ ضَعْ هَذِهِ الْعَلَامَةَ (✓) أَمَامَ الْجُمَلِ الصَّحِيحَةِ ، وَهَذِهِ الْعَلَامَةَ (✗) أَمَامَ الْجُمَلِ الَّتِي لَيْسَتْ صَحِيحَةً :

2- Put this sign (✓) in front of the correct sentences and this sign (✗) in front of incorrect sentences:

(١) اَلطَّالِبُ الْجَدِيدُ الَّذِي جَاءَ أَمْسِ اِسْمُهُ أُسَامَةُ . ✓

1) The new student who came yesterday, his name is Osama.

(٢) حَامِدٌ فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ . ✗

Hamid is in Ahmad's class.

(٣) اَلْمَهْجَعُ الثَّامِنُ غُرَفُهُ أَوْسَعُ . ✗

3) The Eighth hostel has spacious rooms.

(٤) اَلْمَهْجَعُ الثَّامِنُ أَبْعَدُ مِنَ الْمَهْجَعِ الْخَامِسِ . ✓

أَفْعَلُ

4) The Eighth hostel is farther than the Fifth hostel.

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١ ـ أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئِلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ :

Answer the following questions :

(١) كَمْ طَالِباً فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ؟ (٢) كَمْ طَالِبًا فِي فَصْلِ عَلِيٍّ؟

(٣) مَنْ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ؟

(٤) وَمَنْ أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِ عَلِيٍّ؟

1. فِي فَصْلِ أَحْمَدَ تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِبًا

1, How many students are in Ahmad's class?
Nineteen students are in Ahmad's class.

2. فِي فَصْلِ عَلِيٍّ أَرْبَعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِبًا

2, How many students are in Ali's class?
Fourteen students are in Ali's class.

3. أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِهِ إِبْرَاهِيمُ

3, Who is the tallest student in Ahmad's class?
Ibrahim is the tallest student in his class.

4. أَطْوَلُ طَالِبٍ فِي فَصْلِهِ حَامِدٌ

4, Who is the tallest student in Ali's class?
Hamid is the tallest student in his class.

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3- Read the following examples (of comparative and superlative).

٣ ــ اِقْرَأِ الْأَمْثِلَةَ الآتِيَةَ لِـ (اِسْمِ التَّفْضِيلِ) :

هَاشِمٌ طَوِيلٌ، وَحَامِدٌ أَطْوَلُ مِنْهُ. — Hashim is tall, and Hamid is taller than him.

آمِنَةُ صَغِيرَةٌ، وَزَيْنَبُ أَصْغَرُ مِنْهَا. — Amina is small, and Zainab is smaller than her.

(١) هَذَا الْكِتَابُ أَسْهَلُ مِنْ ذَاكَ. — 1) This book is easier than that.

(٢) هَذِهِ السَّيَّارَةُ أَجْمَلُ مِنْ تِلْكَ. — 2) This car is more beautiful than that.

(٣) حَمْزَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنِّي سِنًّا. — 3) Hamza is older than me in age.

(٤) هَؤُلَاءِ الطُّلَّابُ أَحْسَنُ مِنْ أُولَئِكَ. — 4) These students are better than those.

(٥) بَيْتِي أَبْعَدُ عَنِ الْمَدْرَسَةِ مِنْ بَيْتِكَ. — 5) My house is farther away from the school than your house.

(٦) هُوَ أَصْغَرُ مِنَّا سِنًّا. — 6) He is younger than us in age.

(٧) خَطِّي أَحْسَنُ مِنْ خَطِّكَ. — 7) My writing is better than your writing.

(٨) هَذَا الشَّارِعُ أَنْظَفُ مِنْ ذَلِكَ. — 8) This street is cleaner than that.

(٩) اَللَّبَنُ أَحْسَنُ مِنَ الشَّايِ. — 9) The milk is better than the tea.

(١٠) هَذِهِ السَّاعَةُ أَرْخَصُ مِنْ تِلْكَ. — 10) This watch is cheaper than that.

4- Make sentences from the following words using the (comparative/superlative noun):

٤ ــ كَوِّنْ جُمَلًا مِنَ الْكَلِمَاتِ الْآتِيَةِ مُسْتَعْمِلًا (اِسْمَ التَّفْضِيلِ) :

(١) هَاشِمٌ / طَوِيلٌ / عُثْمَانُ — هَاشِمٌ أَطْوَلُ مِنْ عُثْمَانَ — 1) Hashim is taller than Usman.

(٢) اَلْقَاهِرَةُ / كَبِيرٌ / اَلرِّيَاضُ — اَلْقَاهِرَةُ أَكْبَرُ مِنَ الرِّيَاضِ — 2) Cairo is bigger than Riyadh.

(٣) هَذَا الْفُنْدُقُ / نَظِيفٌ / ذَاكَ — هَذَا الْفُنْدُقُ أَنْظَفُ مِنْ ذَاكَ — 3) This hotel is cleaner than that.

(٤) اَللُّغَةُ الْعَرَبِيَّةُ / سَهْلٌ / اَللُّغَةُ الْفَرَنْسِيَّةُ — اَللُّغَةُ الْعَرَبِيَّةُ أَسْهَلُ مِنَ اللُّغَةِ الْفَرَنْسِيَّةِ — 4) The Arabic language is easier than the French language.

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(٥) أَنَـا / كَبِيرٌ / هُـوَ — أَنَا أَكْبَرُ مِنْهُ — 5) I am older than him.

(٦) هُـوَ / صَـغِيرٌ / أَنْتَ — هُوَ أَصْغَرُ مِنْكَ — 6) He is younger than you.

(٧) ٱلرِّجَالُ / كَثِيرٌ / ٱلنِّسَاءُ — ٱلرِّجَالُ أَكْثَرُ مِنَ النِّسَاءِ — 7) Men are more than women.

(٨) أَنْتَ / حَسَنٌ / أَنَـا — أَنْتَ أَحْسَنُ مِنِّي — 8) You are better than I.

(٩) ٱلْمَوْزُ / رَخِيصٌ / ٱلْعِنَبُ — ٱلْمَوْزُ أَرْخَصُ مِنَ الْعِنَبِ — 9) The bananas are cheaper than grapes.

(١٠) ٱلشَّمْسُ / بَعِيدٌ / ٱلْقَمَرُ — ٱلشَّمْسُ أَبْعَدُ مِنَ الْقَمَرِ — 10) The sun is farther than the moon.

٥ ـ ٱقْرَأِ الْأَمْثِلَةَ، ثُمَّ حَوِّلِ الْجُمَلَ الْآتِيَةَ عَلَى غِرَارِهَا مُسْتَعْمِلًا (ٱسْمَ التَّفْضِيلِ) :

5- Read the examples then change the following sentences on this pattern using superlative nouns.

(أ) مُحَمَّدٌ طَالِبٌ حَسَنٌ. — مُحَمَّدٌ أَحْسَنُ طَالِبٍ فِي الْفَصْلِ. — A) Mohammad is the best student in the class. (Mohammad is a good student.)

(ب) هَذَا بَيْتٌ جَمِيلٌ. — هَذَا أَجْمَلُ بَيْتٍ فِي الشَّارِعِ. — B) This is the most beautiful house in the street. (This is a beautiful house.)

(ج) آمِنَةُ طَالِبَةٌ صَغِيرَةٌ. — آمِنَةُ أَصْغَرُ طَالِبَةٍ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ. — C) Amina is the youngest student in the school. (Amina is a young student.)

(١) هَذِهِ غُرْفَةٌ صَغِيرَةٌ. — هَذِهِ أَصْغَرُ غُرْفَةٍ فِي بَيْتِنَا — 1) This is the smallest room in our house. (This is a small room.)

(٢) بِلَالٌ لَاعِبٌ حَسَنٌ. — بِلَالٌ أَحْسَنُ لَاعِبٍ فِي فَرِيقِنَا — 2) Bilal is the best player in our team. (Bilal is a good player.)

(٣) يَاسِرٌ رَجُلٌ فَقِيرٌ. — يَاسِرٌ أَفْقَرُ رَجُلٍ فِي قَرْيَتِنَا — 3) Yasir is the poorest man in our village. (Yasir is a poor man.)

(٤) هَذِهِ سَاعَةٌ رَخِيصَةٌ. — هَذِهِ أَرْخَصُ سَاعَةٍ فِي السُّوقِ — 4) This is the cheapest watch in the market. (This is a cheap watch.)

(٥) هَذَا دَرْسٌ سَهْلٌ. — هَذَا أَسْهَلُ دَرْسٍ فِي الْكِتَابِ — 5) This is the easiest lesson in the book. (This is an easy lesson.)

(٦) ٱلدُّكْتُورُ زَكَرِيَّا طَبِيبٌ شَهِيرٌ. — ٱلدُّكْتُورُ زَكَرِيَّا أَشْهَرُ طَبِيبٍ فِي بَلَدِنَا. — 6) Dr. Zakariya is the most famous doctor in our country. (Dr. Zakariya is a famous doctor.)

(٧) ٱلْأَزْهَرُ جَامِعَةٌ قَدِيمَةٌ. — ٱلْأَزْهَرُ أَقْدَمُ جَامِعَةٍ فِي الْعَالَمِ. — 7) Al-Azhar is the oldest university in the world. (Al-Azhar is an old university.)

(٨) ٱلْأُسْتَاذُ نُعْمَانُ مُدَرِّسٌ حَسَنٌ. — ٱلْأُسْتَاذُ نُعْمَانُ أَحْسَنُ مُدَرِّسٍ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ. — 8) Ustad Nauman is the best teacher in the school. (Ustad Naeem is a good teacher.)

Nominative → Genitive

For Superlative

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(٩) هَذَا دَرْسٌ صَعْبٌ. This is a difficult lesson.

9) This is the most difficult lesson in the book. هَذَا أَصْعَبُ دَرْسٍ فِي الْكِتَابِ

(١٠) هَذَا فَصْلٌ وَاسِعٌ. This is a spacious classroom.

10) This is the most spacious room in the faculty. هَذَا أَوْسَعُ فَصْلٍ فِي الْكُلِّيَّةِ.

٦ ــ اِقْرَأِ الْمِثَالَيْنِ، ثُمَّ اربِطْ بَيْنَ كُلِّ جُمْلَتَيْنِ فِيمَا يَلِي مُسْتَعْمِلاً (لَكِنَّ) وَاعْلَمْ أَنَّ (لَكِنَّ) مِنْ أَخَوَاتِ (إِنَّ) :

6- Read the two examples. Then join the two sentences using لَكِنَّ, knowing that لَكِنَّ is from the sisters of إِنَّ.

(أ) اَلطُّلَّابُ كَثِيرٌ. اَلْفَصْلُ صَغِيرٌ. ← اَلطُّلَّابُ كَثِيرٌ لَكِنَّ الْفَصْلَ صَغِيرٌ.
The students are many but the class is small.

(ب) حَامِدٌ مُجْتَهِدٌ. صَدِيقُهُ كَسْلَانُ. ← حَامِدٌ مُجْتَهِدٌ لَكِنَّ صَدِيقَهُ كَسْلَانُ.
Hamid is hardworking but his friend is lazy.

(١) مُحَمَّدٌ طَوِيلٌ. حَامِدٌ قَصِيرٌ. مُحَمَّدٌ طَوِيلٌ لَكِنَّ حَامِدًا قَصِيرٌ
1) Mohammad is tall but Hamid is short.

(٢) آمِنَةُ مُجْتَهِدَةٌ. أُخْتُهَا كَسْلَى. آمِنَةُ مُجْتَهِدَةٌ لَكِنَّ أُخْتَهَا كَسْلَى
2) Amina is hardworking but her sister is lazy.

(٣) هَذَا الدَّرْسُ طَوِيلٌ. هُوَ سَهْلٌ. هَذَا الدَّرْسُ طَوِيلٌ لَكِنَّهُ سَهْلٌ
3) The lesson is long but it is easy.

(٤) سَيَّارَتِي قَدِيمَةٌ. هِيَ قَوِيَّةٌ. سَيَّارَتِي قَدِيمَةٌ لَكِنَّهَا قَوِيَّةٌ
4) My car is old but it is strong (powerful).

(٥) أَخِي مُتَزَوِّجٌ. أَنَا عَزَبٌ. أَخِي مُتَزَوِّجٌ لَكِنِّي عَزَبٌ
5) My brother is married but I am unmarried.

(٦) إِبْرَاهِيمُ فَقِيرٌ. عَمُّهُ غَنِيٌّ جِدًّا. إِبْرَاهِيمُ فَقِيرٌ لَكِنَّ عَمَّهُ غَنِيٌّ جِدًّا
6) Ibrahim is poor but his uncle (pat) is very rich.

(٧) بَيْتُكَ جَمِيلٌ جِدًّا. هُوَ صَغِيرٌ. بَيْتُكَ جَمِيلٌ جِدًّا لَكِنَّهُ صَغِيرٌ
7) Your house is very beautiful but it is small.

٧ ــ اِقْرَأِ الْمِثَالَيْنِ، ثُمَّ أَدْخِلْ (كَأَنَّ) عَلَى الْجُمَلِ الْآتِيَةِ عِلْمًا بِأَنَّ (كَأَنَّ) مِنْ (أَخَوَاتِ إِنَّ) :

7- Read the two examples. Then enter (كَأَنَّ) to the following sentences knowing that (كَأَنَّ) is sister of (إِنَّ).

(أ) مَنْ هَذَا الْفَتَى؟ كَأَنَّهُ أَخُوكَ.
A) Who is this young man? It looks as if he is your brother.

اِسْمُ لَكِنَّ مَنْصُوبٌ - خَبَرُ لَكِنَّ مَرْفُوعٌ

ــ ٢٢ ــ

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(ب) مَنْ هَذِهِ الطِّفْلَةُ؟ كَأَنَّهَا أُخْتُكَ.

B) Who is this child/young girl? It looks as if she is your sister.

(١) هُوَ زَمِيلُكَ. كَأَنَّهُ زَمِيلُكَ — It looks as if he is your classmate.

(٢) هِيَ طَبِيبَةٌ. كَأَنَّهَا طَبِيبَةٌ — 2) It looks as if she is a doctor (f).

(٣) هُمْ طُلَّابٌ. كَأَنَّهُمْ طُلَّابٌ — It looks as if they are students.

(٤) أَنْتَ مَرِيضٌ. كَأَنَّكَ مَرِيضٌ — 4) It looks as if you are sick.

(٥) هُوَ مُدَرِّسٌ جَدِيدٌ. كَأَنَّهُ مُدَرِّسٌ جَدِيدٌ — It looks as if he is a new teacher.

(٦) أَنْتِ أُخْتُ مَرْيَمَ. كَأَنَّكِ أُخْتُ مَرْيَمَ — 6) It looks as if you are sister of Maryam.

8- Read the following:

٨ ـ اِقْرَأْ مَا يَلِي:

١١ أَحَدَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً.	Eleven Students	١٦ سِتَّةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Sixteen Students
١٢ اِثْنَا عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Twelve Students	١٧ سَبْعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Seventeen Students
١٣ ثَلَاثَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Thirteen Students	١٨ ثَمَانِيَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Eighteen Students
١٤ أَرْبَعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Fourteen Students	١٩ تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Nineteen Students
١٥ خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِباً	Fifteen Students	٢٠ عِشْرُونَ طَالِباً	Twenty Students

9- Read the following. Then write the numbers written in it in letters.

٩ ـ اِقْرَأْ مَا يَلِي، ثُمَّ اكْتُبْهُ مَعَ كِتَابَةِ الْأَرْقَامِ الْوَارِدَةِ فِيهِ بِالْحُرُوفِ:

(١) فِي الْفَصْلِ ١٩ طَالِباً. — فِي الْفَصْلِ تِسْعَةَ عَشَرَ طَالِبًا — 1) In the class are nineteen students.

(٢) عِنْدِي ١٥ كِتَاباً بِاللُّغَةِ الْعَرَبِيَّةِ وَ١٢ كِتَاباً بِاللُّغَةِ الْفَرَنْسِيَّةِ. — خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ، اِثْنَا عَشَرَ — 2) I have fifteen books in Arabic language and twelve books in French language.

(٣) رَأَى يُوسُفُ عَلَيْهِ السَّلَامُ فِي الْمَنَامِ ١١ كَوْكَباً. — أَحَدَ عَشَرَ — 3) Yousuf (PBUH) saw eleven stars in a dream.

(٤) عِنْدِي ٢٠ رِيَالاً. — عِشْرُونَ — 4) I have twenty Riyals.

(٥) كَمْ فُنْدُقاً فِي هَذَا الشَّارِعِ؟ فِيهِ ١٣ فُنْدُقاً. — ثَلَاثَةَ عَشَرَ — 5) How many hotels are in this street? Thirteen hotels are in it.

(٦) فِي هَذِهِ الْمَدِينَةِ ١٤ مَسْجِداً. — أَرْبَعَةَ عَشَرَ — 6) In this city (there) are fourteen masjids.

(٧) ثَمَنُ هَذَا الْكِتَابِ ١٧ رِيَالاً. — سَبْعَةَ عَشَرَ — 7) The price of this book is seventeen Riyals.

مُبْتَدَأٌ وَهُوَ مُضَافٌ — مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ — بَدَلٌ — خَبَرٌ — تَمْيِيزٌ

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8, In this book are twenty lessons. (٨) فِي هَذَا الْكِتَابِ ٢٠ دَرْسًا . عِشْرُونَ

9, In a year are twelve months. (٩) فِيْ السَّنَةِ ١٢ شَهْرًا . إِثْنَا عَشَرَ

10- Read the following: ١٠ ـ اِقْـرَأْ مَـا يَـلِي :

The Sixth Lesson	اَلدَّرْسُ السَّادِسُ	٦	اَلدَّرْسُ الأَوَّلُ	١	The First Lesson
The seventh Lesson	اَلدَّرْسُ السَّابِعُ	٧	اَلدَّرْسُ الثَّانِي	٢	The Second Lesson
The Eighth Lesson	اَلدَّرْسُ الثَّامِنُ	٨	اَلدَّرْسُ الثَّالِثُ	٣	The Third Lesson
The Ninth Lesson	اَلدَّرْسُ التَّاسِعُ	٩	اَلدَّرْسُ الرَّابِعُ	٤	The Fourth Lesson
The Tenth Lesson	اَلدَّرْسُ الْعَاشِرُ	١٠	اَلدَّرْسُ الْخَامِسُ	٥	The Fifth Lesson

11- Make adjectives (naat) of the following nouns with the ordinal numbers derived from the numbers mentioned in front of every one of them. ١١ ـ اِنْعَتِ الْأَسْمَاءَ الْآتِيَةَ بِالْعَدَدِ التَّرْتِيبِيِّ الْمُشْتَقِّ مِنَ الْعَدَدِ الْمَذْكُوْرِ أَمَامَ كُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِنْهَا :

In the Fourth year	(٤)	فِي السَّنَةِ الرَّابِعَةِ	(٨)	اَلْيَوْمُ الثَّامِنُ	The Eighth day
The sixth student (f)	(٦)	اَلطَّالِبَةُ السَّادِسَةُ	(٣)	اَلطَّالِبُ الثَّالِثُ	The Third student
The Seventh house	(٧)	اَلْبَيْتُ السَّابِعُ	(١٠)	اَلدَّرْسُ الْعَاشِرُ	The Tenth lesson
The Fifth room	(٥)	اَلْغُرْفَةُ الخَامِسَةُ	(٩)	اَلصَّفْحَةُ التَّاسِعَةُ	The Ninth page
The Second part	(٢)	اَلْجُزْءُ الثَّانِي	(١)	اَلْجُزْءُ الْأَوَّلُ	The First part

(اَلْأَوَّلُ : مُؤَنَّثُهُ : اَلْأُوْلىٰ . نَقُوْلُ : اَلطَّالِبُ اَلْأَوَّلُ، وَالطَّالِبَةُ الْأُوْلىٰ)

The first student (f), The first student: We say. The first : Its feminine : The first

Numbers

Cardinal	Ordinal
One	First
Two	Second
Three	Third
Four	Fourth
Five ...	Fifth ....

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* Negation in the question but the answer is affirmative.

12- ١٢ ـ يُوَجِّهُ الْمُدَرِّسُ إِلَى الطُّلَّابِ أَسْئِلَةً مُكَوَّنَةً مِنْ (أَلَيْسَ كَذٰلِكَ ؟) فَيُجِيْبُ عَلَيْهَا الطُّلَّابُ بِـ(بَلَى) *. نَحْوَ :

The teacher faces the students forming questions (Is that not so?). The students respond by saying بَلَى (Yes, indeed). e.g.:

(١) أَنْتَ مِنَ الْهِنْدِ. أَلَيْسَ كَذَلِكَ؟ — بَلَى، أَنَا مِنَ الْهِنْدِ

1) You are from India. Is that not so?
- Yes indeed, I am from India.

(٢) أَنْتَ مَرِيْضٌ. أَلَيْسَ كَذَلِكَ؟ — بَلَى، أَنَا مَرِيْضٌ

2) You are sick. Are you not? (Or: Is that not so?)
- Yes indeed, I am sick.

13- ١٣ ـ (أَيُّهُمَا) ①. يُشِيْرُ ② الْمُدَرِّسُ إِلَى طَالِبَيْنِ وَيَقُوْلُ : هَذَانِ ③ طَالِبَانِ. أَيُّهُمَا أَطْوَلُ؟

④ وَإِلَى كِتَابَيْنِ وَيَقُوْلُ : هَذَانِ ⑤ كِتَابَانِ. أَيُّهُمَا أَجْمَلُ؟ وَهَكَذَا ⑥.

See Below

The New Words : اَلْكَلِمَاتُ الْجَدِيْدَةُ

Spacious	وَاسِعٌ	Stars (Pl)	كَوْكَبٌ (ج كَوَاكِبُ) Star	Hostels (Pl)	مَهْجَعٌ (ج مَهَاجِعُ) Hostel
Price	ثَمَنٌ	Full Brothers	شَقِيْقٌ (ج أَشِقَّاءُ) Full Brother	Teams	فَرِيْقٌ (ج فُرَقَاءُ) Team
Months	شَهْرٌ (ج شُهُوْرٌ) Pl	Month	شَهِيْرٌ Famous	Scholar عَالِمٌ	عَالَمٌ World
Al-Azhar (University)	اَلْأَزْهَرُ		فِي الْمَنَامِ In the dream	Players	لَاعِبٌ (ج لَاعِبُوْنَ) Player

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13. 1. Which one of the two.
2. The teacher points towards the two students and says:
3. These two are students. Which one of them is taller?
4. And points towards the two books and says:
5. These are two books. Which one of them is more beautiful?
6. And so on .....

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ٱلصَّفْحَةُ الْأَخِيرَةُ مِنْ هَذَا الْمِلَفِّ

The last page of this file

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